



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
-----------------	-------------	----------------------	---------------------	------------------

10/720,086

11/25/2003

Brian J. Lancaster

CRNI.111056

4915

46169 7590 11/09/2009
SHOOK, HARDY & BACON L.L.P.
Intellectual Property Department
2555 GRAND BOULEVARD
KANSAS CITY, MO 64108-2613

EXAMINER

LUBIN, VALERIE

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

3626

MAIL DATE

DELIVERY MODE

11/09/2009

PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/720,086	Applicant(s) LANCASTER ET AL.	
	Examiner VALERIE LUBIN	Art Unit 3626	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 September 2009.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-15, 17-25 and 29-34 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-15, 17-25, 29-34 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 09/03/09 has been entered.
2. Claims 1-15, 17-25 and 29-34 are pending
For reference purposes, the document paper number is 20091105

Response to Arguments/Amendments

3. Applicant's arguments filed 9/03/09 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
4. Applicant argues that Rosenfeld does not disclose an interference engine projecting a facility-wide outcome that predicts an operational effect of altering a guideline or a policy being used in a clinical facility or organization and quantifying an opportunity for improvement if an altered guideline or policy is used in a clinical facility or organization. Examiner did acknowledge that Rosenfeld does not specifically recite those functions; however Shen does. In effect, in ¶ 133, Shen recites a facility-wide outcome and "simulation and prediction of

modified process outcomes with new organizational goals; and dissemination of new policies/guideline/process through the organization” which is the equivalent of quantifying outcomes when altered policies or guidelines are implemented. Furthermore, Examiner notes that the quantifying step is an optional step which does not further limit the system of claim 1.

5. Applicant argues that neither Rosenfeld nor Shen disclose employing a key performance indicator to provide a comparative analysis. Examiner respectfully disagrees and refers Applicant to Rosenfeld col. 43 lines 11-43 which discusses the use of key indicators to perform data analysis/comparison.

6. The rejection of claims 12-28 under 35 USC § 101 is withdrawn in light of Applicant's amendment.

7. A new rejection of claims 12-15, 17-25 under 35 USC § 112, 2nd paragraph is necessitated in view of Applicant's amendments

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

8. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

9. Claims 12-15, 17-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

10. Independent claims 12 and 23 are directed to methods comprising processes; the claims do not positively recite any steps and are therefore ambiguous.

Dependent claims 13-15, 17-22, 24 and 25, as dependents of claims 12 and 23 are also rejected under the above analysis.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

11. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

12. Claims 1-15, 17-22 and 29-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rosenfeld et al. U.S. Patent No. 6,804,656 in view of Shen Pre-Grant Pub No. 2003/0212580.

13. With regards to claim 1, Rosenfeld teaches a system comprising a first interface to a clinical data store (Col. 19 lines 2-44); a second interface to a knowledge base (Col. 5 lines 11-22; col. 22 lines 15-19); and an inference engine to selectively perform comparative analysis of the clinically related data against the knowledge base (Col 4. lines 8-13; col. 5 lines 11-22).

Rosenfeld does not specifically disclose that the comparative analysis projecting at least one facility-wide outcome based on an analysis of the clinically related data and a clinical guideline selected from the knowledge base, predicting an operational effect of altering a guideline or a policy being used in a clinical facility or organization and quantifying an opportunity for improvement if an altered guideline or policy is used in a clinical facility or organization. However, Shen does recite projecting at least one facility-wide outcome (§ 133). Shen recites a facility-wide outcome and “simulation and prediction of modified process outcomes with new organizational goals; and dissemination of new policies/guideline/process through the organization” which is the equivalent of quantifying outcomes when altered policies or guidelines are implemented. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Rosenfeld with those of Shen in order to produced realistic projections. Furthermore, Examiner notes that the language, “quantifying at least...if the altered...” is optional and according to the MPEP, “Language that suggests or makes

optional but does not require steps to be performed or does not limit a claim to a particular structure does not limit the scope of a claim or claim limitation.” MPEP 2106.II.C

Claims 12 and 29 are rejected under the analysis of claim 1.

14. With respect 2, Rosenfeld teaches a data warehouse (Col. 7 lines 7-10).

Claims 13 and 30 are rejected under the analysis of claim 2.

15. Claim 3 is rejected as Rosenfeld teaches the data warehouse storing clinically related data from at least one clinical facility (Abstract; Fig. 8A item 9034; Fig. 8B item 9038).

Claims 4, 14 and 15 are rejected under the analysis of claim 3.

16. With respect to claim 5, Rosenfeld teaches the comparative analysis comprising an analysis of at least one key performance indicator (Col. 43 lines 11-53).

Claim 31 is rejected under the analysis of claim 5.

17. Claims 6 and 7 are rejected as Rosenfeld teaches the knowledge base comprising a set of clinical guidelines with best practices (Col 3. lines 51-55; col. 5 lines 11-22; col. 26 lines 8-17).

Claims 17, 18 are rejected under the analysis of claims 6 and 7.

18. For claim 8, Rosenfeld recites best practices data comprising pharmaceutical and medical procedure information (Col. 7 lines 24-67); and he discloses historical files (Col. 20 lines 42-46). Shen also recites the use of historical outcome information (¶ 134). It would

have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to combine the teachings of Rosenfeld and Shen to include historical outcomes information in best practices for reuse when appropriate.

Claim 19 is rejected under the analysis of claim 8.

19. Claim 9 is rejected as Shen discloses the facility-wide outcome comprising a financial outcome, an operational outcome or a clinical outcome corresponding with a plurality of patients or a combination thereof (§ 123). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Rosenfeld with those of Shen in order to produced realistic projections.

Claims 20 and 32 are rejected under the analysis of claim 9.

20. With respect to claim 10, Rosenfeld discloses maintaining a performance mortality measure (Col. 16 lines 4-6); and outcome algorithms for antibiotic cost information (Col. 7 line 31). Shen also recites clinical cost information (§ 20, 112). A predictable result of Rosenfeld and Shen would be to include whatever information necessary (e.g. patient mortality and morbidity information, clinical cost information etc.) for informational purposes. (KSR International Co. v. Teleflex Inc., 82 USPQ2d 1385 (U.S. 2007)). Furthermore, the data contained in the outcome is non-functional descriptive material that does not further limit the process of claim 1 (In re Gulack, 217 USPQ 401 (Fed. Cir. 1983), In re Ngai, 70 USPQ2d (Fed. Cir. 2004), In re Lowry, 32 USPQ2d 1031 (Fed. Cir. 1994); MPEP 2106.01 II).

Claims 21 and 33 are rejected under the analysis of claim 10.

21. Claim 11 is rejected as Rosenfeld teaches storing the comparative analysis (col. 20 lines 1-5).

Claims 22 and 34 are rejected under the analysis of claim 11.

22. Claims 23-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shen Pre-Grant Pub No. 2003/0212580.

23. With respect to claim 23, Shen discloses a method comprising the steps of receiving a selection of one a plurality of policies and procedures stored within a knowledge base (§ 20, 57, 85); accessing clinically related data corresponding with a plurality of patients (§ 100); selectively performing comparative analysis of the clinically related data against the first selected policy or procedure to provide an indication as to whether the first selected policy or procedure has been attained by a medical facility (§ 100, 110). Furthermore, the language, “to provide an indication...” is directed to the intended result of the step of selectively performing a comparative analysis, and it has been held that a “clause in a method claim is not given weight when it simply expresses the intended result of a process step positively recited” (*Minton v. Nat’l Ass’n of Securities Dealers, Inc.*, 336 F.3d 1373, 1381, 67 USPQ2d 1614, 1620 (Fed. Cir. 2003)).

Shen also recites using selected policy or procedure and clinically related data corresponding with a plurality of patients to perform a predictive analysis that projects at least one operational, financial or facility-wide outcome (§ 46,133); altering metrics, guidelines or policies (§ 133, e.g. “simulation and prediction”) with metrics relating to tests leading to a surgery (§ 9, 72). Additionally, Shen recites a facility wide outcome and “simulation and

prediction of modified process outcomes with new organizational goals; and dissemination of new policies/guideline/process through the organization” which is the equivalent of quantifying outcomes when altered policies or guidelines are implemented. Examiner notes that the quantifying step of the sixth limitation and subsequently, the seventh limitation of the claim are optional, and according to the MPEP, “Language that suggests or makes optional but does not require steps to be performed or does not limit a claim to a particular structure does not limit the scope of a claim or claim limitation.” MPEP 2106.II.C. Shen also recites the determining the impact of altered guidelines or policies on costs (¶ 20, 115, 134)

Shen does not specifically recite receiving a second selection of one of the plurality of policies; however, this is merely a duplication of the first limitation and it has been held that the “mere duplication of parts has no patentable significance unless a new and unexpected result is produced” (In re Harza, 274 F.2d 669, 124 USPQ 378 (CCPA 1960)).

24. Claim 24 is rejected, as Shen recites accessing a data warehouse (Abstract, ¶ 42).

25. Claim 25 is rejected, as Shen discloses performing an analysis of at least one key performance indicator (Abstract, ¶ 12).

Conclusion

26. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to VALERIE LUBIN whose telephone number is (571)270-5295. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 7:30-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christopher L. Gilligan can be reached on 571-272-6770. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

27. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/V. L./
Examiner, Art Unit 3626

/C. Luke Gilligan/
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3626